



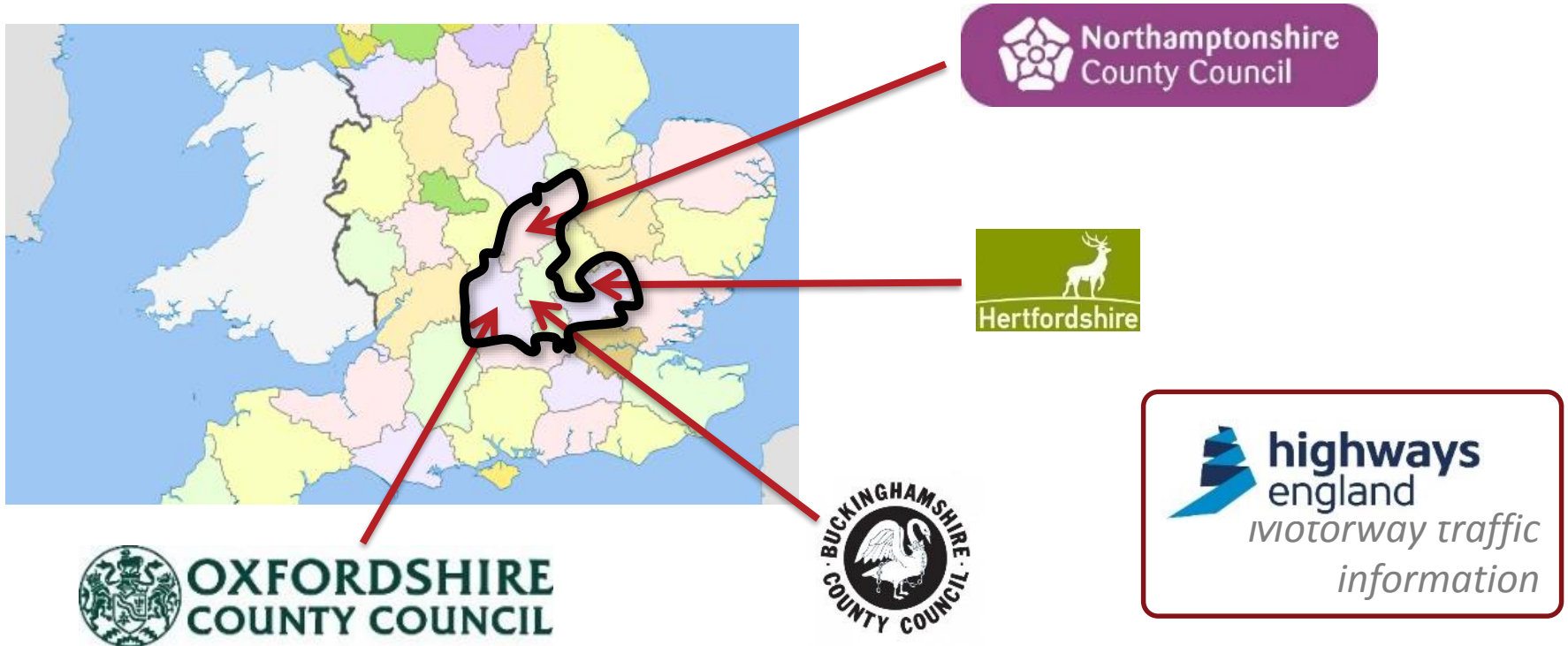
**oneTRANSPORT**

**A Transport Data Marketplace: oneM2M'S Role**

**Presented by Mike Jeronis, VP InterDigital IoT Solutions**

**[Mike.Jeronis@InterDigital.com](mailto:Mike.Jeronis@InterDigital.com)**

# Trial covers a large footprint, including cities and rural areas



# oneTRANSPORT intelligent transport trial and partner eco-system



## Platform provider



## Transport Sector Expert



**11** Multi-sector Partners

## Use case owners



**2** year project

## IoT & Intelligent Transport Analytics



**+200** Different data assets

## Sensor-network Service Providers

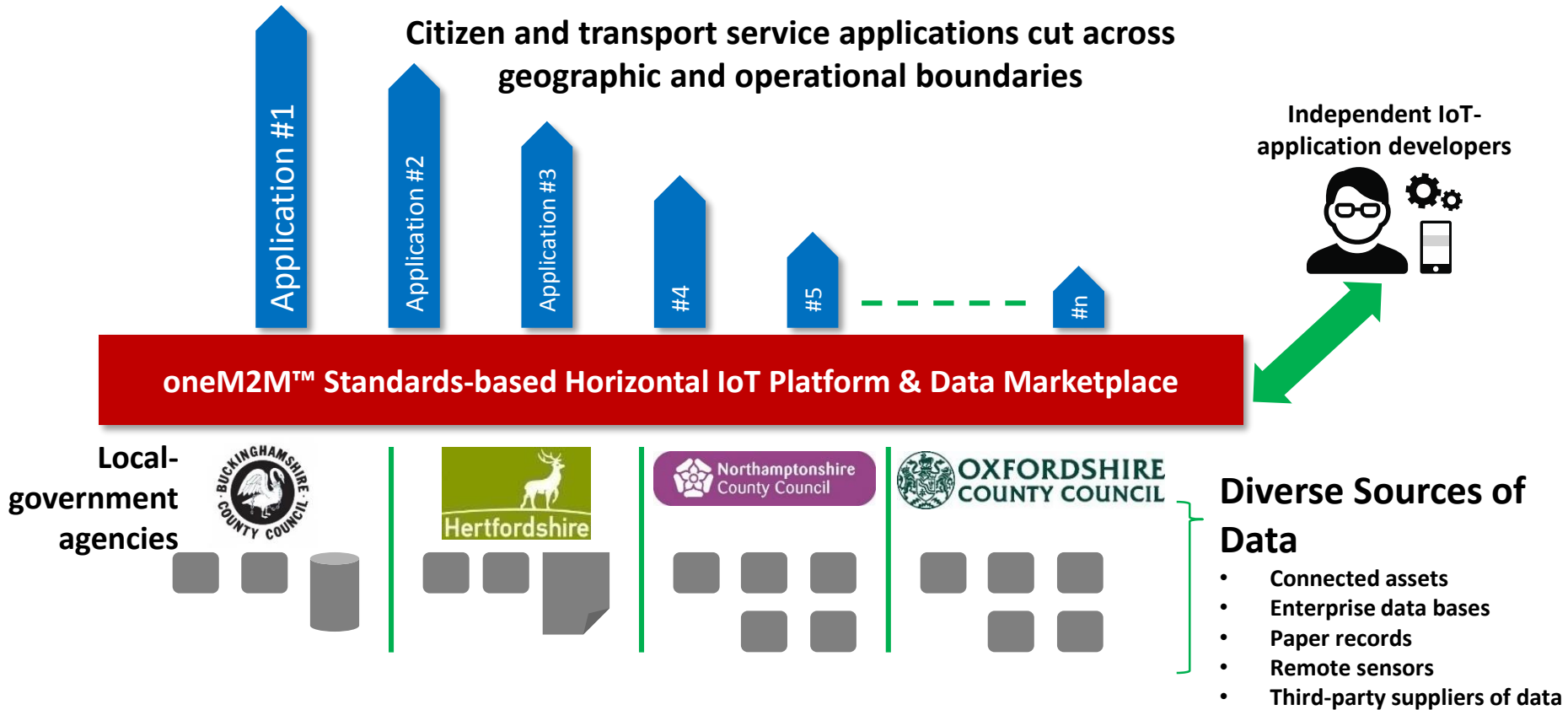


**Started** **\$ 5.2m**  
**Total cost**

1<sup>st</sup> Nov 2015

**70%** Funded by  
Innovate UK

# oneTRANSPORT employs a common IoT platform and data marketplace, enabled by the oneM2M™ standard



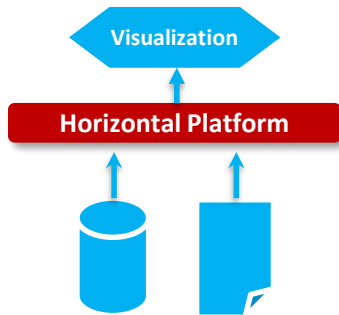
# Stages in the data integration challenge

## Data



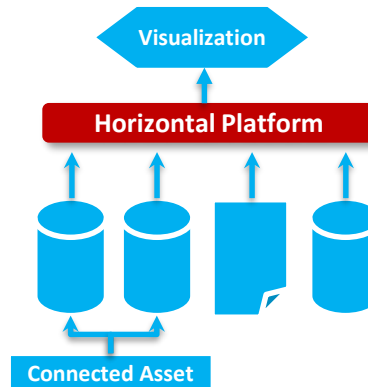
- Identify data assets
- Catalog data resources

## Data in Platform



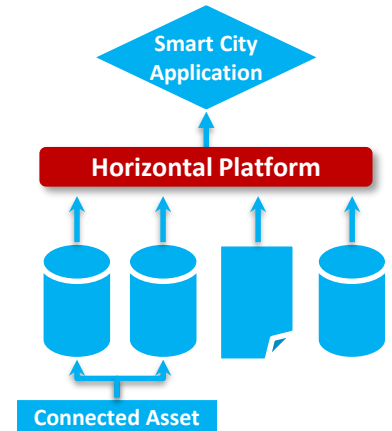
- Integrate existing OT/IT systems with platform (reliability, dependability and usability of data sources)
- Visualization aids understanding of assets and their operating dynamics

## Better Data in Platform



- Assess quality of data e.g. link and cross-reference multiple sources to detect errors
- Perform data transformations
- Add other data sources e.g. partners, 'open data' etc.

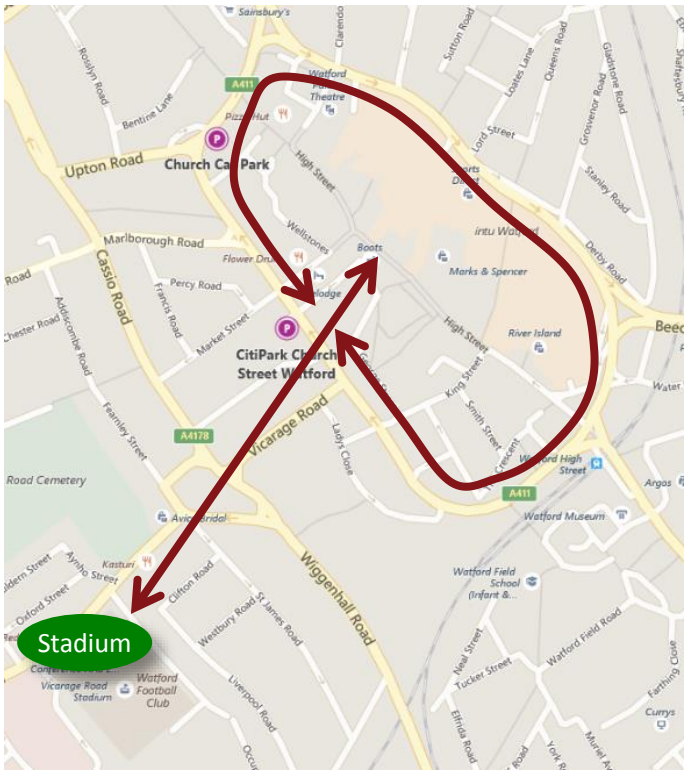
## Enable Business Decisions



- Use data to make business decisions
- How will addition of new sensors help?

# Event day travel management use-case

## Watford Town Center & Football Ground



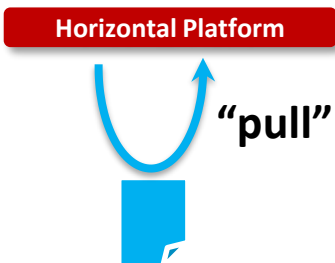
- Event – Watford FC Premier League soccer matches
- Rate of vehicles leaving car-park causes congestion on the ring-road
- How can the city improve traffic management?
- Data Life-cycle
  - Use data feeds to detect and measure congestion
  - Modify traffic signs to car park
  - Measure results (steadier car-park exit rate, less Ring-road congestion)
  - New data sources for enhanced use case (Bluetooth sensing of mobile phones, user survey of travel intentions in matchday program etc.)
  - Maintain and measure effectiveness of existing deployments

# Evolution trend for data sourcing



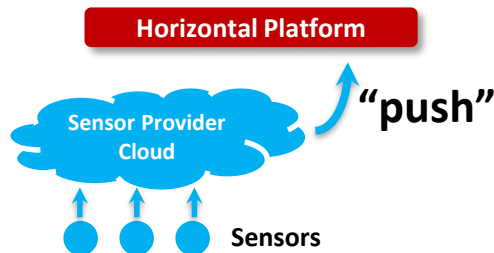
## 1. Data Retrieval From Existing Sources

- Use web services to capture data based on existing, vertical standards e.g. Datex2
- Data packaged as 'documents': large files, based on vertical-specific model, are not suitable as streams of sensor data



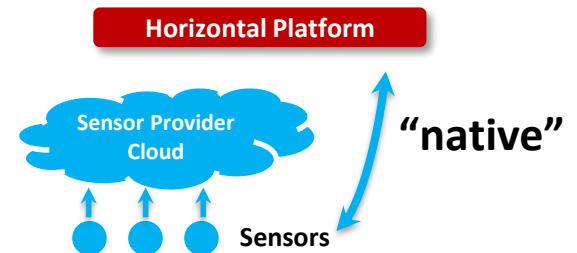
## 2. Sensor Providers Push Data into Platform

- Co-operative eco-system encourages sensor owners to publish data directly into oneM2M™-based platform (bypass current proprietary or vertical-specific platforms)



## 3. Sensors Function in Native oneM2M™ Form

- Sensor vendors and sensor-network operators embrace the oneM2M™ standard. This allows sensors to:
  - be discoverable
  - contribute data natively
  - support cross-silo applications



# Smart city projects are attracted to the oneM2M™ standard



ARUP



Imperial College London



CAUTION YOUR BLAST



## InterDigital Horizontal IoT Platform Using oneM2M™

21 Multi-sector Partners

\$8.6M Investment

Pan-European Scale



# A closer look at oneM2M's current role



- oneM2M satisfies oneTransport's requirement for a standards-based & data type agnostic mechanism for sharing data.

- **Standardized oneM2M services and APIs**

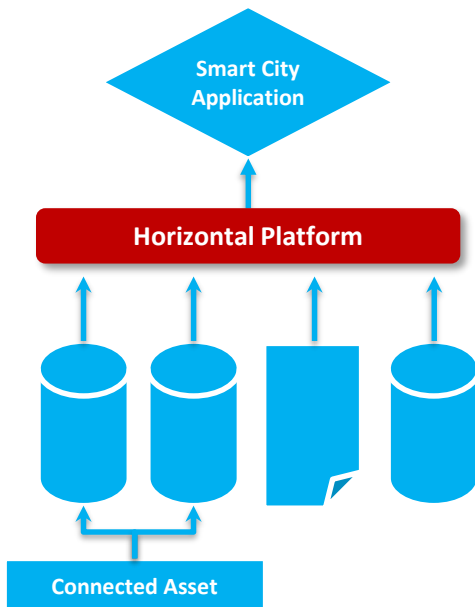
- Standardized oneM2M resources, attributes, messaging protocol that are data agnostic
- oneM2M standards based information model enables publishing and discovery of data from a diverse set of data providers and consumers

- **Standards-based ensures no vendor lock-in**

- Allows sensor/data providers to interface directly without doing any system integration

- oneM2M services and APIs currently being leveraged:

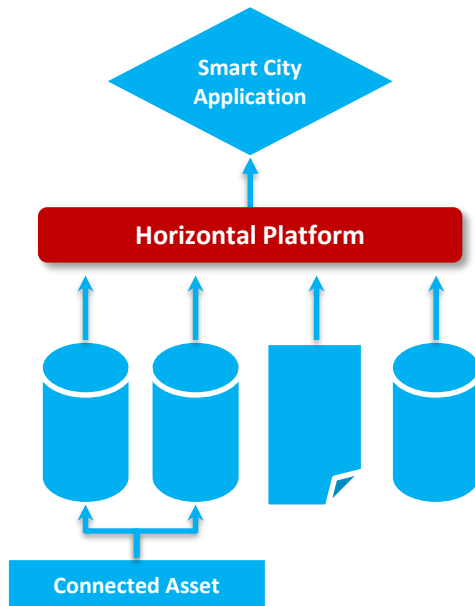
- **AE Registration**
- **Access Controls**
- **Data Management (<container> & <contentInstance>)**
- **Resource Discovery**
- **Subscriptions & Notifications**
- **HTTP Protocol Binding**



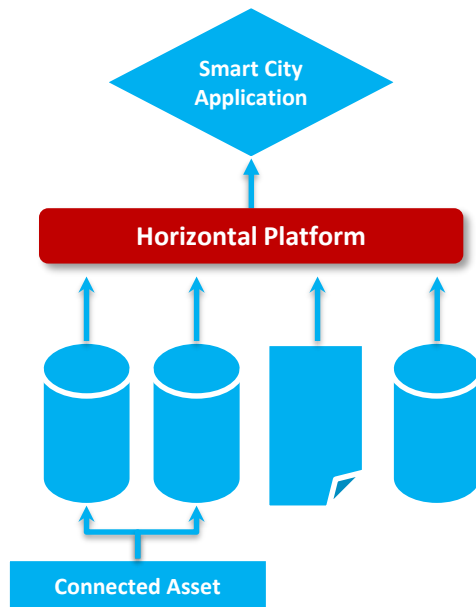
# A closer look at oneM2M's future role



- Work is underway on the following
  - Increased visibility into data
    - Use of <flexContainer> (e.g. for describing geospatial assets such as street lights)
  - Charging & Accounting
    - Use of events and statistics collection
    - Generation of charging records
  - Mcc'
    - IN-CSE to IN-CSE communication
  - Interworking
    - Between oneM2M and Hypercat
    - Between oneM2M and W3C
      - E.g. W3C Data Quality Vocabulary
- Under consideration
  - Use of oneM2M semantics
  - Use of oneM2M group
  - Use of oneM2M timeSeries



# oneM2M “pain points” encountered



- Security
  - ACPs – Can be heavy and burdensome to manage and no notion of a user (all based on AE) or how ACPs can be provisioned.
  - Security Association – oneM2M defined certificate formats (rather than standard certificates) can be a deterrent to use oneM2M based security
- Discovery
  - Current filter criteria are somewhat limited (e.g. lack advanced operators such as  $<$ ,  $>$ ,  $<=$ ,  $>=$ ,  $!=$ , ...)
- Subscription / Notification
  - Overall, the subscription/notification feature is quite complex and not easy to quickly ramp up and use
    - What is the format of notification and how do I parse it?
    - Do I need to send a response to a notification?
    - Which notificationURI format do I use?,
    - What is oneM2M subscription validation?
- Charging & Accounting
  - Lack of a standardized interface for access or export of charging records
- Identifiers
  - There are a lot of them and some oneM2M IDs can be formatted in several different ways which causes confusion and interop issues
    - E.g. ResourceIDs can be formatted 6 different ways

# Contacts for more information



Mike Jeronis –

[Mike.Jeronis@InterDigital.com](mailto:Mike.Jeronis@InterDigital.com)

<http://onetransport.uk.net/>

<http://transportdatainitiative.com/>

<http://onem2m.org/>

<http://www.interdigital.com/iot/>